Safety and efficacy of two accelerated schedules of subcutaneous allergen immunotherapy in canine atopic dermatitis.

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BACKGROUND: Allergen specific immunotherapy (ASIT) is nowadays the only specific treatment for canine atopic dematitis. However, it is a long lasting treatment and compliance is a critical point for its effectiveness. The reduction of the induction period could allow obtaining a quicker initial response with an important impact in owner compliance. However, the efficacy and safety of these quick administration schedules need to be confirmed.

OBJECTIVE: The purpose of this study was to evaluate the clinical improvement and side effects of two different ASIT induction accelerated schedules in atopic dogs.



* **EVALUATION:** Clinical efficacy score (Canine Atopic Dermatitis Extent and Severity Index CADESI-4) and adverse reactions were recorded after each administration during 6 months.

RESULTS: Regarding efficacy, after 6 months of treatment, CADESI significantly decreased in both groups (p<0.001).



Figure 1. CADESI mean evolution ($X \pm SD$) in protocol A (in blue; n=17) and protocol B (in grey; n=18).

(%) in each protocol after 6 months.

Table 1. Adverse events for each accelerated ASIT protocol

Regarding safety, mild adverse reactions were recorded in only three animals as described in Table 1.

50

45

40

35

30

25

20

15

10

0

CADESI

MEAN

	N	Adverse Events	Duration	Severity	Frecuency
PROTOCOL A	1	Diarrhea	24h	Mild	1st injection
PROTOCOL B	1	Increase in pruritus	24h	Mild	1st, 2nd and 3th injections
	1	Diarrhea and polyuria	24h	Mild	1st injection

The use of a single concentration vial and the reduced time of protocol induction were important improvements for both protocols.

CONCLUSION: High rates of efficacy and safety were achieved in both studied schedules. Therefore, accelerated protocols are excellent options to facilitate subcutaneous ASIT treatments improving the compliance in atopic dogs.

